

This question paper contains 7 printed pages]

Your Roll No.....

6602

B.Sc.(Hons.) Computer Science/I Sem. B

Paper CSHT-102 : Discrete Structures

(Admissions of 2011 and onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Attempt *all* the questions.

Parts of a question must be performed together.

Use of Scientific Calculator is allowed.

1. (a) A TV survey shows that 60 percent people see program A, 50% see program B, 50% see program C, 30% see program A and B, 20% see program B and C, 30% see program A and C and 10% do not see any program.

Find :

(i) What % see program A, B and C ?

(ii) What % see program A only ?

4

P.T.O.

- (b) Show that any integer composed of 3^n identical digits is divisible by 3^n using Mathematical Induction. 4
- (c) Find $f \circ g$ and $g \circ f$, where $f(x) = x^2 + 1$ and $g(x) = x + 2$, are functions from \mathbb{R} to \mathbb{R} . 4
2. (a) Show that the relation \leq (less than or equal to) defined on the set of positive integers is a partial order relation. 3

- (b) Let a be a numeric function such that :

$$a_r = \begin{cases} 2 & 0 \leq r \leq 3 \\ 2^{-r} + 5 & r \geq 4 \end{cases}$$

Determine ∇a and Δa . 4

- (c) Solve the recurrence relation

$$a_{n+2} - 3a_{n+1} + 2a_n = 0$$

by the generating function method with initial conditions

$$a_0 = 2 \text{ and } a_1 = 3. \quad 5$$

- (d) Use Master method to give tight asymptotic bounds for the following Recurrence relation

$$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n^3. \quad 2$$

3. (a) Show the equivalence

$$\neg(p \vee q) \vee (\neg p \wedge q) \equiv \neg p. \quad 3$$

- (b) Prove the conclusion from the given sets of premises

$$P \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow R), Q \rightarrow (R \rightarrow S) \Rightarrow P \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow S). \quad 5$$

- (c) Translate these statements into English.

Let $P(x, y) = 'x \text{ has sent a letter to } y'$, where universe of discourse of both x and y consists of all students in a class.

(i) $\exists y \exists x P(x, y)$

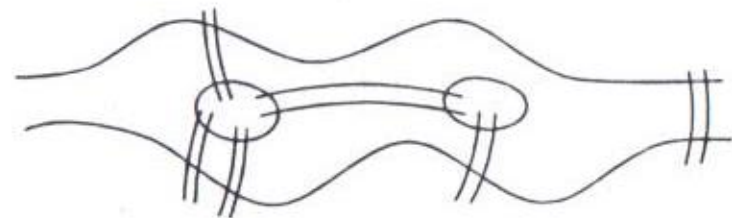
(ii) $\forall x \exists y P(x, y).$ 4

- (d) Verify that the proposition $p \vee \neg(p \wedge q)$ is a tautology. 3
4. (a) Evaluate the sum 3

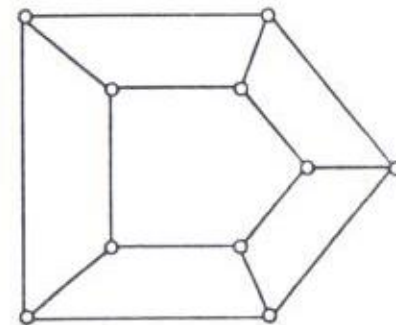
$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (2k+1)x^{2k}$$

- (b) How many different ways are there to select 4 different players from 10 players on a team to play four tennis matches, where the matches are ordered. 3
- (c) Show that among any group of five integers, there are at least two integers with the same remainder when divided by 4. 3
5. (a) Suppose that a connected planar simple graph has 20 vertices, each of degree 3. Into how many regions does a representation of this planar graph split the plane? 2

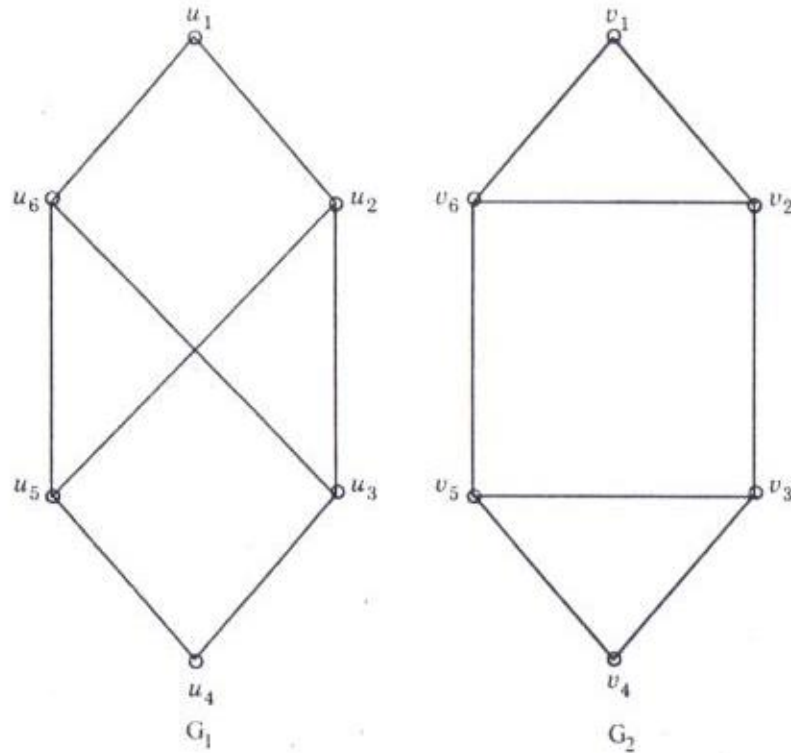
- (b) How many vertices does a full 5-ary tree with 100 internal vertices have? 2
- (c) Can someone cross all the bridges shown in this map exactly once and return to the starting point? If so, determine the path? 4



- (d) Derive an expression for the chromatic number of C_{mn} where $n > 3$. C_{mn} is a graph with two concentric cycles and n vertices, connected as shown below: 3



(e) Determine whether G_1 and G_2 are isomorphic or not ? 4



6. (a) Suppose that the no. of bacteria in a colony triples every hour. 3

(i) Set up a recurrence relation for the number of bacteria after n hours have elapsed.

(ii) If 100 bacteria are used to begin a new colony, how many bacteria will be in the colony in 10 hours ?

(b) Show that :

$$x^2 + 4x + 17$$

is $O(x^3 - 2x^2 - 5)$.

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(c) Show that if

$f(n) = O(g(n))$ and $f(n) = \Omega(g(n))$ then

$$f(n) = \Theta(g(n)).$$

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